

Name: _____

Score: _____

Due: Dec 3

1. (5 points) True or False? Value-returning functions can only be used to return numeric values.

- A. True
- B. False

2. (5 points) True or False? The statement

```
return 3 * alpha + 8;
```

is valid in a value-returning function but not in a void function.

- A. True
- B. False

3. (5 points) Suppose the prototype of a function is as follows:

```
void Calc(float beta );
```

Then the variable beta is called

- A. an actual parameter.
- B. the data type of the parameter.
- C. a formal parameter.
- D. an argument.
- E. None of above

4. (5 points) Given the function prototype

```
bool IsGreater( int, int );
```

which of the following statements use valid calls to the `IsGreater` function? (The data types of the variables are suggested by their names.)

- A. `someBoolean = IsGreater(someInt, 8);`
- B. `if (IsGreater(5, someInt))
 intCounter++;`
- C. `while (IsGreater(inputInt, 23))
 cin >> inputInt;`
- D. b and c above
- E. a, b, and c above

5. (5 points) Given the function definition

```
bool IsZip(float someFloat )
{
    return (someFloat == 0.0);
}
```

what is the value of the expression `IsZip(2.4)` ?

6. (5 points) What happens if a value-returning function with the prototype

```
float Average( int, int, int);
```

is called by using the following statement? (someFloat is float variable and alpha and beta are int variables.)

```
someFloat = Average(alpha, beta);
```

- A. The compiler issues a syntax error message with a compile error message.
 - B. The function is executed, and the function returns a value to someFloat.
 - C. The function is executed, and the function returns a value to alpha.
 - D. The function is not executed, and the program halts with a run-time error message.
7. (5 points) The function heading

```
float TenToThePower(int n )
```

is for a function that returns 10.0 raised to any integer power. Which of the following statements stores into someFloat the value 10.0 raised to the power someInt?

- A. `TenToThePower(someFloat, someInt);`
 - B. `TenToThePower(someInt);`
 - C. `TenToThePower(someInt) = someFloat;`
 - D. `someFloat = TenToThePower(someInt);`
 - E. `someInt = TenToThePower(someFloat);`
8. (5 points) Given the function prototype

```
int Top( int, int );
```

which of the following statements contain valid calls to the Top function?

- A. `someInt = 4 + Top(oneInt, anotherInt);`
 - B. `cin >> Top(oneInt, anotherInt);`
 - C. `cout << Top(5, Top(3, 4));`
 - D. a and c above
 - E. a, b, and c above
9. (5 points) What is the appropriate function prototype for a function that receives a character letter grade and returns its integer equivalent on a four-point grading scale?
- A. `void IntEquiv(char);`

- B. void IntEquiv(int);
- C. int IntEquiv(char);
- D. int IntEquiv(void);
- E. char IntEquiv(int);

10. What is the output of the following program?

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

void Try( int, int);

int x;
int y;
int z;

int main()
{
    x = 2;
    y = 3;
    z = 1;
    Try(y, x);
    cout << x << ' ' << y << ' ' << z << endl;
    return 0;
}

void Try( int a, int b )
{
    int x;

    b = a + 2;
    a = a * 3;
}
```

10. (5 points) Given the function definition

```
int Trans(int alpha, int beta )
{
    if (alpha > beta)
        return alpha + 10;
    else
        return 2 * beta;
}
```

what is printed by the following code?

```
cout << Trans(5, Trans(8, 4)) << endl;
```